

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Wage Rates in Rural India, 1998-99 to 2016-17

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Abstract: This article revises and updates the agricultural and rural labour wage rate series compiled in Usami (2012) and examines trends in real wage rates in rural areas in India over the last two decades. The data in this article are compiled from the Wage Rates in Rural India (WRRI) reported in the Indian Labour Journal, a monthly publication of the Labour Bureau, Government of India. The data for the agricultural year 2016-17 are now available, and allow us to study recent trends in agricultural and rural labour wage rates. The reliability of published WRRI data are checked using unit-level data that are collected for the WRRI by the Field Operations Division of the National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO). Based on the updated series, we examine State-wise and all-India trends in the growth of wage rates, and find a clear division into two sub-periods. The first sub-period, from 1998-99 to 2006-7 was a period of stagnation, while the second sub-period, from 2007-8 to 2014-15 was a period of rapid growth in wage rates. However, the steady growth in wage rates of major occupations ended in 2015-16, recovering marginally during 2016-17. A change in definition of occupations in November 2013 makes it difficult to compare trends after 2013 with those before.

Keywords: agricultural labour, rural labour, wage rates, WRRI, NSSO, unit data, India, trends in wage rates, rural occupations.

Introduction

This article revises and updates the agricultural and rural labour wage rate series compiled in Usami (2012) and examines trends in real wage rates in rural areas in India over the last two decades. The data in this article are compiled from the Wage Rates in Rural India (WRRI) reported in the *Indian Labour Journal*, a monthly publication of the Labour Bureau, Government of India. The Labour Bureau provides WRRI data with a short time-lag, generally five months. The data for the

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agricultural year 2016-17 are now available, and allow us to study recent trends in agricultural and rural labour wage rates.

In order to check the reliability of WRRI data, we have obtained unit-level data that are collected for the WRRI by the Field Operations Division of the National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) from a fixed set of sample villages along with rural retail price data in Schedule No. 3.01(R). These unit-level data allow us to scrutinise and check the reliability of WRRI data.

Lastly, the article provides estimates of State-wise growth in wage rates for selected occupations and examines trends in female-male disparity with respect to agricultural wage rates.

RELIABILITY AND PROBLEMS OF DATA ON WAGE RATES IN RURAL INDIA

To check the reliability of the WRRI data reported in the *Indian Labour Journal*, we cross-checked the reported series with unit-level data that are collected for WRRI by the Field Operations Division of the National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO). The NSSO provides village-level data that cover the period between 2001 and 2011, excluding 2007 to 2008. Though the data are available for a relatively short period, they allow us to examine the reliability of WRRI data and to analyse regional variations at the sub-State level. To examine the reliability of WRRI data, we calculated State-wise averages for month, year, and major occupations from the unit-level data of NSSO and compared these with reported WRRI data. Our assumption is that the reported wage rates are correct if both calculated averages and reported wage rates are identical. The calculated averages, in most cases, however, were not identical with the reported wage data. A State-wise examination showed that a substantial number of identical cases occurred in Gujarat, Haryana, Manipur, Meghalaya, and Tripura. In other States, such as Andhra Pradesh, Kerala, Madhya Pradesh, Odisha, Uttar Pradesh, and West Bengal, however, there were no identical cases at all. This can be attributed to the fact that data are thoroughly scrutinised by the Labour Bureau, and discrepancies, if any, are referred to the NSSO for clarification and adjusted accordingly. It is not possible for a data user to ascertain every adjustment done by the Labour Bureau, other than cases of abnormal entry error. We checked the abnormal entry errors, such as errors in digits (Rs 800 instead of Rs 80), or an entry in the women's column of figures that should have been in the men's column, and found that these abnormal entry errors were corrected by the Labour Bureau's adjustment. From this observation, we conclude that WRRI data are dependable.

A major problem in using WRRI data is the change in the classification of occupations that occurred in November 2013. Until October 2013, wage data were collected for 11 agricultural and seven non-agricultural occupations, as shown in Table 1. However, following the recommendations of the Working Group under the

 $\textbf{Table 1} \ \ \textit{Revision in classification of occupations for Wage Rates in Rural India (WRRI), old and }$ new series

Old series (until October 2013)	New series (November 2013 onwards)
	Agricultural Occupations
Ploughing Sowing Weeding Transplanting	Ploughing/tilling workers Sowing (including planting/transplanting/weeding) workers
Harvesting Winnowing Threshing	Harvesting/threshing/winnowing workers
Picking	Picking workers (including tea, cotton, tobacco, and other commercial crops)
Herdsman	Animal husbandry workers (including poultry workers, dairy workers, and herdsmen)
Well-digging Cane-crushing	
_	Horticulture workers (including nursery growers) Fisherman-inland
	Fisherman-coastal/deep-sea
	Loggers and wood cutters
	Packaging labourers, agriculture
	General agricultural labourers (including watering/irrigation workers, etc.)
	Plant protection workers (applying pesticides, treating seeds, etc.)
	Non-agricultural occupations
Carpenter	Carpenter
Blacksmith	Blacksmith
Mason	Mason
Tractor driver	LMV and tractor drivers
Sweeper Cobbler	Sweeping/cleaning workers
	Weavers
	Beedi-makers
	Bamboo and cane-basket weavers
	Handicraft workers
	Plumbers
	Electricians
	Construction workers (for roads, dams, industrial and project construction work, and well diggers)
Unskilled labourers	Non-agricultural labourers (including porters and loaders)

Source: Indian Labour Journal, Labour Bureau.

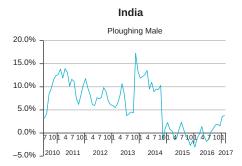
Chairmanship of T. S. Papola, wage data for 25 occupations, including 12 agricultural and 13 non-agricultural occupations, have been collected since November 2013. This re-classification of occupations was in order to capture changes in the occupational structure of the rural labour market.

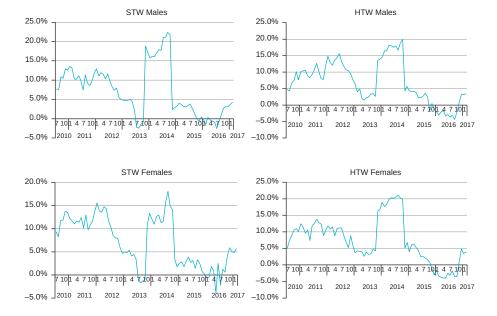
The old series covered 11 agricultural operations (column 1), whereas in the new series (column 2) some occupations were merged, some were discarded, and seven new occupations were introduced. The three agricultural occupations that have been merged are ploughing and tilling, sowing (or planting) with transplanting and weeding, and harvesting with winnowing and threshing. In addition, six new agricultural occupations have been added to the list. These are: 1) horticulture workers (including nursery growers), 2) fisherman-inland, 3) fisherman-coastal/ deep-sea, loggers and wood cutters, 4) packing labour (agriculture), 5) general agriculture (including watering/irrigation, etc.), and 6) plant protection workers (applying pesticides, treating seeds, etc.).

For non-agricultural occupations, the NSSO collected data on wage rates for seven nonagricultural occupations till October 2013. From November 2013, these were reclassified into 13 non-agricultural occupations. The new series has the following additional non-agricultural occupations: weavers, beedi makers, bamboo/cane basket weavers, handicraft workers, plumbers, electricians, construction workers (for roads, dams, industrial and project construction work, and well diggers), and non-agricultural labourers (including porters and loaders).

We attempted to create a long time-series covering the last two decades, but as a result of re-classification of occupations it was not possible to link the old series (up to October 2013) and the new series (November 2013 onwards). This is particularly difficult in cases where three different occupations are clubbed together. For example, it is well known that the wage rate for weeding is lower than the wage rate for sowing or transplanting, as is winnowing compared with harvesting or threshing. We decided to take a simple average of three occupations of the old series, for example sowing, transplanting, and weeding (hereafter STW) and link this with the new category that includes sowing (and also includes planting/transplanting and weeding). Similarly, we have taken a simple average of harvesting, threshing, and winnowing (hereafter HTW), and linked this with harvesting/winnowing/threshing workers in the new series. We expect the Labour Bureau to soon provide the linking factor.

Another serious problem that emerges from linking the old and the new series is the sharp increase in wage rates that occurred after November 2013, after the new series was released. Up to October 2013, the year-on-year percentage increase in wage rates showed a gradual decline, with a fairly consistent pattern in levels and monthly fluctuation across all occupations. Figure 1 shows the year-on-year change in wage rates over the previous year for major occupations at the all-India level. These figures clearly show the jump in the year following November 2013. A





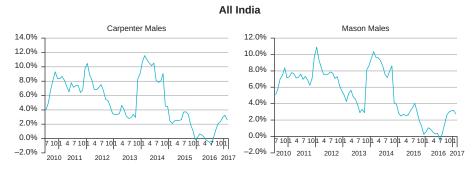


Figure 1 Year-on-year growth in wage rates, by occupation (sex), all-India, 2010–17 in per cent Source: Computed from Wage Rates in Rural India, various issues.

sudden increase took place in November 2013 and the level continued for one year. The increase can be seen across all occupations, not only STW or HTW, but also ploughing and non-agricultural occupations. This suggests that the increase is not

caused by the reclassification of occupations alone. At the State level, the increase is significant in November or December 2013 for many States. Unfortunately, it is not possible for us to identify a reason for the increase in 2013. There could have been a change in sample villages or a change in data sources. The average growth rate for the recent period would be pulled up on account of this sharp increase in November 2013.

Levels and Growth of Real Wages for Agricultural and Rural Labourers

We now examine trends in wage rates using the old series for seven occupations (field operations), that is, ploughing (male), sowing (male and female), weeding (male and female), transplanting (male and female), harvesting (male and female), threshing (male and female), and winnowing (male and female). From the new series, we chose ploughing (male), sowing (including planting/transplanting/weeding), and harvesting/threshing/winnowing (HTW). For non-agricultural occupations, we examined data on masons (male), carpenters (male), blacksmiths (male), and unskilled labourers/non-agricultural labourer (male and female). To arrive at the real wage rates for each State, annual averages of nominal wages were first computed for the agricultural year (July to June). The nominal wage rates were then deflated by the consumer price index for agricultural labourers (CPI-AL) and by the consumer price index for rural labourers (CPI-RL), for agricultural and rural labourers, respectively. Though the base year of both consumer price indices was 1986-87, the wage rates in this article are expressed at 2009-10 prices for the sake of convenience.

Figures 2 and 3 show the real agricultural and rural labour wage rates at the all-India level over the last 18 years, from 1998-99 to 2016-17. This period can be further divided into three sub-periods; 1998–99 to 2006–7, 2006–7 to 2014–15, and 2014–15 to 2016–17. In the sub-period between 1998-99 and 2006-7, the trend in wage rates for major agricultural and rural occupations remained stagnant or declined at the all-India level. Real wage rates in this period ranged between Rs 112 and Rs 119 for ploughing, between Rs 94 to Rs 98 for sowing/transplanting/weeding (STW), and between Rs 90 to Rs 96 for harvesting/threshing/winnowing (HTW). The wage rates for skilled workers such as carpenters ranged from Rs 167 to Rs 175 and from Rs 177 to Rs 189 for masons, while the wage rate of unskilled labour was between Rs 91 and Rs 93. Thus, in spite of the high growth of the Indian economy in this period, agricultural and rural wage labourers were unable to enjoy the benefits of macroeconomic prosperity. This was partly due to multiple years of drought that led to a decline in agricultural production and partly due to very low agricultural prices in real terms, in particular relatively low Minimum Support Prices.

However, from 2007-8, real wage rates began to rise sharply and this trend continued till 2014-15. The real wage rate for ploughing rose from Rs 116.1 in 2007-8 to Rs 176.6 in 2014-15. Wage rates for males for STW rose from Rs 94.5

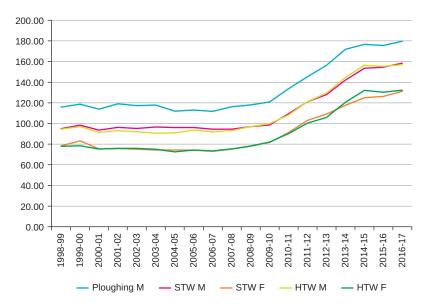


Figure 2 Real wage rates for various agricultural occupations, 1998–99 to 2016–17 in Rupees Source: Computed from Wage Rates in Rural India, various issues.

to Rs 153.4, and from Rs 93.1 to Rs 156.3 for HTW in the same period. Similarly, non-agricultural wage rates for males rose substantially in the same period: from Rs 164.8 to 227.4 for carpenters, from Rs 181 to Rs 251.3 for masons, and from Rs 92.8 to Rs 157 for unskilled labourers.

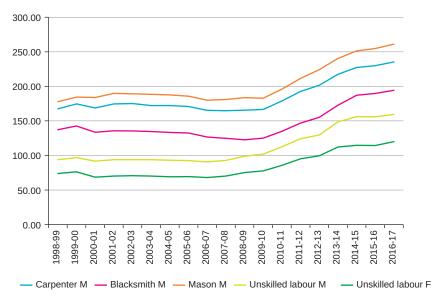


Figure 3 Real wage rates for various non-agricultural occupations, 1998-99 to 2016-17 in Rupees

Source: Computed from Wage Rates in Rural India, various issues.

It is noteworthy that wage rates for female occupations showed a similar pattern. Real wage rates for female occupations were stagnant till 2006-7. However, from 2007-8, there was a rapid growth in female wage rates. The female wage rate for sowing/ transplanting/weeding, at the all-India level, rose from Rs 75.1 in 2007-8 to Rs 124.9 in 2014-15. Wage rates for female unskilled labour (non-agriculture) rose from Rs 70.3 to Rs 114.6 in the same period.

We now turn to regional variations in the trends of agricultural and rural labour wage rates. Tables 2, 3, and 4 depict the average growth rate of real wage rates by

 Table 2 Average annual rate of growth of wage rates for major occupations in rural India
 in per cent

State	Ploughir	ıg (Male)	g (Male) STW (M		STW (I	Female)	HTW	(Male)
	1998-99	2006-7	1998-99	2006-7	1998-99	2006-7	1998-99	2006-7
	to	to	to	to	to	to	to	to
	2006-7	2014-15	2006-7	2014—15	2006-7	2014-15	2006-7	2014-15
•	Growth	Growth	Growth	Growth	Growth	Growth	Growth	Growth
	rate	rate	rate	rate	rate	rate	rate	rate
Andhra								
Pradesh	1.16*	7.1**	2.4***	6.2***	1.0*	7.3***	1.1	5.6***
Assam	-1**	6.1***	3.0***	4.1***	-0.3	4.9***	2.5***	5.7***
Bihar	3***	8.2***	1.6	10.0***	1.8	9.4***	3.1**	9.1***
Gujarat	2***	2.7**	0.7	4.0**	0.5	4.9***	-0.5**	4.0***
Haryana	0.3	7.7***	0.7	5.1***	2.2**	5.4***	1.2*	4.7***
Himachal								
Pradesh	3.3***	4.3***	2.3**	4.7***			1.9**	5.9***
Jammu and								
Kashmir	1.3	6.2***	3.7**	6.8***			3.2*	7.4***
Karnataka	1.3	9.2***	4.1**	7.4***	0.2	7.3***	0.7	8.0***
Kerala	0.7	4.0***	0.7	5.0***	0.3	8.6***		8.9***
Madhya								
Pradesh	0.1	6.7***	-0.5	7.7***	-1.4**	9.1***	-0.6	8.9***
Maharashtra	0.1	6.9***	-0.5	6.1***	-0.9	7.0***	1.2	6.8***
Manipur	2.2**	6.0***	1.3	9.2***	1.5	9.3***	0.1	10.7***
Meghalaya	4.1***	4.4**	3.7***	2.8	3.2**	3.3*	4.9***	3.5*
Odisha	3.2**	7.5***	3.3**	6.4***	2.9**	7.8***	2.5**	8.8***
Punjab	3.5**	6.6***	0.4	6.4***			1.6*	6.0***
Rajasthan	-1.3	4.6***	-2.1	6.9***	-2.8**	6.6***	-4.3***	8.5***
Tamil Nadu	-0.7	8.5***	0.6	8.8***	-0.2	9.6***	-1	10.5***
Tripura	6.2***	2.7*	6.0***	2.6*			6.2***	2.7*
Uttar Pradesh	0.3	6.3***	0	6.9***	0.4	6.9***	0.1	7.4***
West Bengal	3.3***	4.9***	2.6***	5.8***	2.7***	6.8***	3.2***	6.4***
India	-0.6*	6.4***	-0.1	6.5***	-1.1**	7.6***	-0.40%	7.3***

Note: *, **, and *** stand for significance level at 10, 5, and 1 per cent respectively. Source: Computed from Wage Rates in Rural India, various issues.

Table 3 Average annual rate of growth of wage rates for major occupations in rural India in per cent

State	HTW (Female)	Mason	(Male)	Blacksm	Blacksmith (Male)		
	1998—99 to 2006—7	2006—7 to 2014—15	1998—99 to 2006—7	2006—7 to 2014—15	1998—99 to 2006—7	2006—7 to 2014—15		
	Growth rate							
Andhra Pradesh	-0.2	5.4***	1.2*	4.5***	0.8	5***		
Assam	0.6	5.1***	3.6***	2.5*	4.2***	7***		
Bihar	3.8**	8.9***	3**	6***	2.58*	6.4***		
Gujarat	-0.1	4.3***	-0.8	3*	-2.4	2		
Haryana	1.9**	4.9***	0.5	1	-2.4**	1.7		
Himachal Pradesh			0.2**	3***	1.9**	1.3**		
Jammu and Kashmir			-0.08	4***	0.57	9		
Karnataka	0.4	6.1***	2*	2.5**	0.78	4***		
Kerala	1.6**	7.8***	1.3***	6.4***	2.1***	4.7***		
Madhya Pradesh	-1.5**	10.0***	-0.23	1.7	0.2	2.6**		
Maharashtra	-0.4	8.1***	1.9*	3.8***	0.8	4.4***		
Manipur	1	10.4***	1.3*	8.4***	3.5***	8***		
Meghalaya	2.1*	2.9***	1.5	2.3**	2.4**	4***		
Odisha	1.2	10.3***	3*	4***	1.2	1		
Punjab			-1.3*	3.7***	-0.9**	1		
Rajasthan	-4.8**	8.1***	-1.5	5***	-2.2	7***		
Tamil Nadu	0.3	9.8***	2*	8***	0.82	8***		
Tripura			5***	3	9.5***	2		
Uttar Pradesh	-0.1	7.0***	0.68	6***	2*	4***		
West Bengal	3.2***	6.7***	2.3**	4**	-1	5**		
India	-0.8***	7.9***	0.15	4.2***	-0.9**	4.6***		

Note: *, **, and *** stand for significance level at 10, 5, and 1 per cent respectively.

Source: Computed from Wage Rates in Rural India, various issues.

State and occupation for the first and second sub-periods. We highlight some of the features of the regional variation across States.

Six eastern and north-eastern States, namely, Bihar, Manipur, Meghalaya, Odisha, Tripura, and West Bengal, as well as Himachal Pradesh, witnessed a stable rising trend of agricultural wage rates in the first sub-period. It is noteworthy that non-agricultural wage rates also showed a stable growth in these States. These relatively low-wage regions, with the exception of Himachal Pradesh, thus caught up with the high-wage regions in this sub-period.

Secondly, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan recorded a negative growth rate in agricultural wage rates. The wage rates for both male and female unskilled workers

 Table 4 Average annual rate of growth of wage rates for major occupations in rural India in
 per cent

State	Carpent	er (Male)	Unskille	d (Male)	Unskille	d (Female)
	1998—99 to 2006—7	2006—7 to 2014—15	1998—99 to 2006—7	2006—7 to 2014—15	1998—99 to 2006—7	2006—7 to 2014—15
	Growth rate					
Andhra Pradesh	0.3	6***	0.2	7.8***	0.3	7.9***
Assam	3***	2.2	3.6***	4.7***	-0.13	7.4***
Bihar	3.2**	5.8***	3**	8.7***	3.3**	8.65***
Gujarat	-0.23	1.3	-0.72	4**	-0.12	4.3**
Haryana	-1.4*	3.5***	0.43	5.25***	1.5	4.9***
Himachal Pradesh	1.7**	2.4**	2**	3.6***		4.9**
Jammu and Kashmir	0.08	3.8	1.1	8***		
Karnataka	1.6	3.1***	1.4**	6.6***	0.93	6.6***
Kerala	1.2***	6***	1.2***	7.65***	3.2***	4.5***
Madhya Pradesh	0.2	1.3	-0.8**	7***	-1.5***	7.1***
Maharashtra	0.8	3.2	-0.2	6.5**	-1.3***	6.4***
Manipur	1.6**	6.7***	1.27**	6.2***	1.4*	7.2***
Meghalaya	3***	-1.4*	4.7***	2.3	-0.19	2.2**
Odisha	3.7***	3.3**	3***	7.8***	2**	9.6***
Punjab	-1.3***	3.5***	-0.7*	6***	2.1	2.35
Rajasthan		3.7***	-1.1	7.4***	-0.3	7.8***
Tamil Nadu	1.3	8.8***	1.7**	8.7***	2.5**	8.5***
Tripura	4.3***	2	5.9***	1.7***	_	_
Uttar Pradesh	0.8	5.1***	0.1	7.6***	0.6	8.1***
West Bengal	1.7**	2.8*	2*	6.85***	2.4**	6.74***
India	-0.1	4.1***	-0.4**	7***	-0.1*	7.2***

Note: *, **, and *** stand for significance level at 10, 5, and 1 per cent respectively. Source: Computed from Wage Rates in Rural India, various issues.

declined in Madhya Pradesh. Wage rates for agricultural and rural labour in Uttar Pradesh were stagnant and did not show any clear time trend.

In Assam, agricultural and non-agricultural wage rates for male labourers recorded stable growth but female wage rates remained stagnant. Gujarat presented a mixed picture: while wage rates for ploughing grew, wage rates for the remaining occupations, in particular non-agricultural tasks, declined.

Non-agricultural wage rates in Punjab, for skilled and unskilled labour, showed negative growth in this sub-period. Wage rates of non-agricultural occupations recorded positive growth in Kerala and Tamil Nadu, while agricultural wage rates in these States did not show a clear-cut time trend.

These observations indicate that while agricultural and rural labour wage rates at the all-India level remained stagnant or declined slightly, a number of States in the eastern region recorded a rising trend and as a result regional disparity in wage rates could have been reduced in the first sub-period.

Turning to the second sub-period, the growth of agricultural and rural labour wage rates in real terms after 2007–8 is remarkable. In this period, the growth rate for wage rates of all major agricultural occupations increased by more than 6 per cent per annum at the all-India level. In short, the trend of rising agricultural wage rates was an all-India phenomenon. All States recorded a positive growth rate, though the average growth rate varied across States. It is striking that Bihar and Tamil Nadu recorded the fastest growth in both agricultural and non-agricultural wage rates. At the beginning of this century, Bihar had the lowest agricultural wage rates, but at the time of writing this article, the wage rate in Bihar was higher than that in Gujarat, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, and Maharashtra. The north-eastern States of Meghalaya and Tripura registered a comparatively slower growth in the second sub-period.

Berg *et al.* (2012), Gulati, Jain, and Satija (2013), and Himanshu and Kundu (2016) have written about the rise in real wage rates and reasons for the same. We do not dwell on these factors in this article.

There is one feature of this period that needs to be noted separately, namely the jump in wage rates in November 2013. An important question that arises is whether the growth rate would have declined if there was no jump in wage rates after November 2013. The growth rates for the period 2006–7 to 2012–13, excluding the last two years, show that the growth rates at the all-India level declined by 0.3 percentage points for STW female (7.6 per cent to 7.3 per cent), and by 1.2 percentage points for HTW male (7.3 per cent to 6.1 per cent). Nevertheless, this does not negate the stable growth of more than 5.5 per cent per year during the second sub-period.

The growth in real wage rates of about 6 per cent per annum for a period of seven to eight years seems to have ended in 2015–16. However, a marginal revival of real wage rates was observed in 2016–17. In 2015–16, real wage rates for major agricultural operations declined in States such as Tamil Nadu, Rajasthan, and Maharashtra. On the other hand, real wage rates for agricultural occupations rose in Meghalaya, Andhra Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Karnataka, and Odisha.

Non-agricultural occupations also registered a similar trend. Wage rates in non-agricultural occupations rose in Odisha, Madhya Pradesh, Bihar, Uttar Pradesh, and West Bengal. Between 2015–16 and 2016–17, the nominal wage rates for major rural occupations were comparatively stable. The fluctuation of real wage rates in this period was mainly due to movements of prices.

State-wise trends in real wage rates by occupation and gender, as calculated by us, are reported in Appendix Tables 1-10.

Male and Female Wage Differentials

Tables 5, 6, and 7 show the ratio of female to male wage rates for sowing/transplanting/ weeding (STW), harvesting/threshing/winnowing (HTW), and unskilled labour for three time periods: 1998-99 to 2000-1, 2006-7 to 2008-9, and 2013-14 to 2016-2017, at real prices. We use a three-year average to compare the beginning and end of the sub-periods under study.

For major agricultural operations such as STW and HTW, the male-female wage rate disparity at the all-India level is not very large (above 0.8). However, there is substantial variation in the male-female wage gap across States. The disparity in wage rates has either been stagnant or declined at the all-India level as well as at the State level over time, with a few exceptions. The ratios indicate that the male-female wage

Table 5 *Changes in female-male ratio of wage rates for sowing/transplanting/weeding (STW)*

State	Female/male ratio (STW)							
	1998—99 to 2000—1	2006—7 to 2008—9	2014—15 to 2016—17					
Andhra Pradesh	0.76	0.74	0.75					
Assam	1.06	0.87	0.87					
Bihar	0.9	0.91	0.85					
Gujarat	0.91	0.89	0.95					
Haryana	0.86	0.95	0.96					
Himachal Pradesh								
Jammu and Kashmir								
Karnataka	0.73	0.72	0.71					
Kerala	0.68	0.55	0.73					
Madhya Pradesh	0.87	0.85	0.94					
Maharashtra	0.7	0.65	0.67					
Manipur	0.95	0.9	0.86					
Meghalaya	0.73	0.71	0.73					
Odisha	0.86	0.78	0.82					
Punjab								
Rajasthan	0.79	0.8	0.81					
Tamil Nadu	0.64	0.63	0.63					
Tripura								
Uttar Pradesh	0.84	0.86	0.88					
West Bengal	0.91	0.89	0.91					
India	0.83	0.79	0.82					

Note: The gaps represent years for which female wage rates are not reported.

Source: Computed from Wage Rates in Rural India, various issues.

Table 6 Changes in female-male ratio of wage rates for harvesting/threshing/winnowing (HTW)

State	I	Female/male ratio (HTV	V)
	1998—99 to 2000—1	2006—7 to 2008—9	2014—15 to 2016—17
Andhra Pradesh	0.80	0.75	0.77
Assam	1.03	0.90	0.85
Bihar	0.85	0.92	0.91
Gujarat	0.93	0.97	0.98
Haryana	0.96	0.98	0.99
Himachal Pradesh	0.90	1.00	0.50
Jammu and Kashmir	1.49		0.59
Karnataka	0.76	0.76	0.69
Kerala	0.74	0.86	0.77
Madhya Pradesh	0.88	0.85	0.92
Maharashtra	0.71	0.64	0.69
Manipur	0.87	0.90	0.90
Meghalaya	0.81	0.69	0.62
Odisha	0.85	0.76	0.84
Punjab	0.81		0.82
Rajasthan	0.90	0.90	0.83
Tamil Nadu	0.66	0.70	0.61
Tripura	0.79		
Uttar Pradesh	0.86	0.89	0.85
West Bengal	0.91	0.90	0.90
India	0.82	0.80	0.84

 $\it Note$: The gaps represent years for which female wage rates are not reported.

Source: Computed from Wage Rates in Rural India, various issues.

 Table 7 Changes in female-male ratio of wage rates for unskilled labourers

State	Female	/male ratio (Unskilled l	abourer)
	1998—99 to 2000—1	2006—7 to 2008—9	2014—15 to 2016—17
Andhra Pradesh	0.71	0.72	0.67
Assam	0.88	0.73	0.98
Bihar	0.87	0.89	0.85
Gujarat	0.93	0.97	1.02
Haryana			
Himachal Pradesh			
Jammu and Kashmir			
Karnataka	0.75	0.74	0.75
Kerala			
Madhya Pradesh	0.88	0.86	0.81

Table 7 (continued) Changes in female-male ratio of wage rates for unskilled labourers

State	Female/male ratio (Unskilled labourer)							
	1998—99 to 2000—1	2006—7 to 2008—9	2014—15 to 2016—17					
Maharashtra	0.68	0.64	0.63					
Manipur								
Meghalaya								
Odisha	0.89	0.83	0.92					
Punjab								
Rajasthan								
Tamil Nadu	0.67	0.73	0.69					
Tripura								
Uttar Pradesh	0.81	0.83	0.86					
West Bengal	0.88	0.89	0.85					
India	0.78	0.76	0.74					

Note: The gaps represent years for which female wage rates are not reported.

Source: Computed from Wage Rates in Rural India, various issues.

disparity is relatively large in Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala, Maharashtra, Meghalaya, and Tamil Nadu, while it is rather small in Bihar, Gujarat, Haryana, Manipur, and West Bengal.

The gap in wage rates for male and female unskilled labour was relatively higher at the all-India level as compared to the wage gap for field operations (STW and HTW). The gap in wage rates is relatively low for Assam, Gujarat, Odisha, Uttar Pradesh, and West Bengal; whereas the disparity is high in Andhra Pradesh, Karnataka, Maharashtra, and Tamil Nadu.

Conclusions

This article examined the levels and trends of real wages rates in rural India using the Labour Bureau's WRRI data, revised and updated by the authors. We checked the reliability of the data using unit-level data provided by the NSSO and concluded that WRRI data are likely to be reliable. Nevertheless, there are several problems in using WRRI data, one of which is the change in definition of occupations in November 2013, and the absence of a linking factor that makes linking the old and new series a complex task. Another problem is the unexplained sudden increase in wage rates in November 2013.

After a period of stagnation and decline, agricultural wages registered substantial growth from 2007-8 onwards. It is noteworthy that this growth was above 5.5 per cent per annum for most large States, and across all occupations, agricultural and non-agricultural, and for males and females. The steady growth of agricultural and rural labour wages ended in 2014-15. Wages started declining in 2015-16, but started growing in the latter half of 2016-17. Agricultural and rural labour wages were stable in nominal terms over these two years and the fluctuation in real terms was largely because of the movement of price indices. The reasons for this pattern of growth are likely to be complex and need further study.

Lastly, in spite of a period of high growth in agricultural and non-agricultural wage rates, the female-male disparity has not shown a tendency to fall, and this is another area for further study.

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Appendix Table 1 State-wise real wage rates for ploughing occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Ploughing (Male)	1998-99	1999—2000	2000-1	2001-2	2002-3	2003-4	2004-5	2005-6	2006-7	2007—8
Andhra Pradesh	94.50	89.81	97.26	97.47	100.26	95.35	93.02	100.90	105.96	114.89
Assam	104.46	104.21	106.86	108.57	101.24	105.62	100.72	97.39	98.62	100.95
Bihar	71.56	75.73	85.18	91.14	92.40	93.67	92.41	91.56	91.69	93.34
Gujarat	95.15	94.93	101.83	109.42	107.58	109.80	112.77	112.44	106.53	111.28
Haryana	135.04	145.09	155.29	144.75	149.00	145.39	147.35	145.29	145.26	150.26
Himachal Pradesh	143.07	139.54	153.75	156.90	151.81	172.07	178.71	168.82	182.26	206.74
Jammu and Kashmir	154.62	151.19	180.66	188.29	184.25	183.33	184.24	182.92	162.75	164.42
Karnataka	80.12	83.38	98.02	99.05	95.80	92.98	90.35	95.81	92.96	96.56
Kerala	292.89	281.79	294.42	368.20	365.16	347.99	300.80	293.53	314.80	337.30
Madhya Pradesh	76.98	76.37	75.93	82.29	81.00	84.13	81.36	77.06	74.76	78.17
Maharashtra	94.38	100.05	111.21	107.51	109.71	105.64	99.64	99.19	102.91	107.58
Manipur	82.46	85.82	95.08	92.61	91.85	103.21	104.30	98.71	95.01	117.46
Meghalaya	93.45	91.20	90.33	91.48	107.14	124.97	121.68	117.63	112.33	107.56
Odisha	67.78	63.18	78.88	88.38	91.24	84.84	88.64	87.35	81.08	78.08
Punjab	124.35	125.85	113.73	138.47	145.39		134.17	141.48	173.97	126.18
Rajasthan	145.47	136.00	156.54	167.95	153.71	148.09	148.12	135.26	127.06	153.49
Tamil Nadu	156.24	181.71	192.83	190.87	176.82	172.52	165.71	163.65	168.91	176.71
Tripura	69.45	74.87	78.05	86.27	88.12	105.24	97.95	108.62	109.50	103.05
Uttar Pradesh	84.09	91.58	98.40	97.47	95.91	97.88	95.98	92.00	88.40	92.47
West Bengal	101.23	117.74	120.19	120.58	129.76	132.52	124.50	138.94	140.15	136.78
India	115.79	118.66	113.96	119.04	117.37	117.84	112.01	112.98	111.72	116.14

Appendix Table 1 (continued) State-wise real wage rates for ploughing occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Ploughing (Male)	2008-9	2009-10	2010—11	2011—12	2012-13	2013—14	2014—15	2015—16	2016—17
Andhra Pradesh	129.25	140.01	166.42	171.85	184.80	172.74	173.02	178.34	178.28
Assam	98.60	97.48	108.43	115.22	120.98	141.11	162.51	164.68	170.73
Bihar	96.17	107.09	114.40	126.44	144.85	151.88	162.79	178.00	181.24
Gujarat	114.47	102.18	100.79	119.17	121.57	121.76	138.39	140.02	151.01
Haryana	155.75	163.62	180.43	188.94	220.34	251.84	242.13	252.00	228.44
Himachal Pradesh	219.95	202.40	205.40	224.04	233.39	263.25	269.89	284.11	291.75
Jammu and Kashmir	162.26	173.15	193.32	197.45	215.05	239.72	255.02	260.33	263.68
Karnataka	101.14	98.22	113.41	126.62	149.87	171.68	174.35	171.95	168.20
Kerala	320.08	321.12	350.73	393.94	418.39	415.77	405.48	412.81	389.47
Madhya Pradesh	82.03	77.58	82.98	91.76	98.80	116.02	127.73	130.66	138.10
Maharashtra	108.92	108.57	120.74	138.64	152.37	168.22	158.29	154.60	161.19
Manipur	121.83	114.63	118.39	126.26	145.96	156.08	164.84	173.40	170.49
Meghalaya	98.11	99.25	103.76	101.70	113.73	140.96	162.13	160.19	173.23
Odisha	85.12	98.38	120.75	131.58	116.92	120.40	137.81	143.30	155.97
Punjab	163.52	141.53	179.80	187.51	196.86	246.77	232.71	214.89	215.65
Rajasthan	149.18	138.77	131.75	168.72	177.49	190.55	186.15	170.28	161.71
Tamil Nadu	169.77	194.85	217.08	236.26	253.24	272.29	323.70	266.74	259.27
Tripura	112.50	109.82	99.39	97.63	116.21	135.77	134.05	101.51	145.63
Uttar Pradesh	98.54	100.17	110.88	116.43	128.81	136.85	139.20	144.35	155.53
West Bengal	134.98	133.17	140.33	161.84	166.25	189.59	192.73	207.79	206.51
India	118.05	120.85	133.66	145.25	156.33	171.83	176.61	175.56	179.68

Note: CPI-AL (2009–10=100) is used as a deflator.

Appendix Table 2 State-wise real wage rates for sowing/transplanting/weeding (male) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Sowing/Transplanting / Weeding (Male)	1998—99	1999—2000	2000—1	2001-2	2002-3	2003-4	2004-5	2005—6	2006—7	2007—8
Andhra Pradesh	71.6	69.15	77.20	78.34	80.77	79.91	79.37	80.86	88.91	91.84
Assam	75.5	82.51	87.51	88.78	89.47	96.42	95.49	95.99	98.07	98.48
Bihar	67.1	67.80	76.45	79.47	84.84	83.94	81.26	78.35	72.78	73.46
Gujarat	82.6	82.01	83.93	91.15	89.19	90.14	90.41	86.71	84.99	87.18
Haryana	127.6	142.72	148.03	147.25	146.29	139.08	142.80	147.74	143.51	145.47
Himachal Pradesh	123.2	131.81	160.26	153.58	152.22	154.67	153.88	156.20	157.24	167.04
Jammu and Kashmir	121.9	122.70	151.48	168.21	168.31	176.85	179.18	165.36	154.35	154.57
Karnataka	76.0	80.44	88.12	89.33	85.75	83.45	82.89	86.19	84.32	84.31
Kerala	175.4	194.85	262.27	276.03	260.45	251.64	263.11	256.62	270.62	265.25
Madhya Pradesh	70.6	73.85	71.21	73.25	73.40	77.30	74.22	69.92	65.71	65.89
Maharashtra	88.1	88.46	101.79	101.47	100.79	99.42	94.66	93.61	93.18	92.53
Manipur	72.5	77.72	87.30	79.51	78.45	87.44	88.06	83.23	81.01	84.03
Meghalaya	87.8	87.18	88.74	88.84	100.10	117.37	114.30	108.47	106.51	104.15
Odisha	65.8	63.26	70.31	74.02	84.78	82.46	83.00	85.15	77.16	73.50
Punjab	131.2	132.61	137.35	143.73	145.89	147.11	143.52	133.28	135.29	125.56
Rajasthan	129.5	122.60	147.47	177.44	155.53	131.67	128.34	127.32	105.18	121.67
Tamil Nadu	94.4	100.12	115.79	117.43	105.88	103.44	106.35	104.57	107.69	110.77
Tripura	69.5	74.55	77.89	86.27	87.61	100.56	97.95	108.42	109.39	103.05
Uttar Pradesh	81.2	87.45	92.97	94.69	91.99	92.28	90.74	87.32	83.09	88.22
West Bengal	69.9	78.99	84.50	85.59	87.29	84.17	84.10	90.49	93.51	92.71
India	95.0	98.33	93.51	96.31	95.09	96.55	96.05	95.99	94.45	94.53

Appendix Table 2 (continued) State-wise real wage rates for sowing/transplanting/weeding (male) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Sowing/Transplanting/ Weeding (Male)	2008—9	2009—10	2010—11	2011—12	2012—13	2013—14	2014—15	2015—16	2016—17
Andhra Pradesh	109.94	122.11	140.44	153.09	146.10	129.64	143.12	145.24	145.28
Assam	95.55	95.27	103.61	107.85	108.39	122.43	141.43	150.91	162.29
Bihar	76.82	83.28	89.10	105.25	122.06	135.70	153.49	167.47	173.3
Gujarat	87.41	79.45	80.81	93.55	93.43	106.43	122.37	122.72	127.82
Haryana	154.84	172.03	177.66	173.89	172.68	208.80	222.47	249.56	216.58
Himachal Pradesh	172.54	156.07	177.45	198.57	198.17	218.70	228.28	227.68	228.06
Jammu and Kashmir	152.95	161.80	188.05	200.44	203.27	232.64	261.81	263.64	263.1
Karnataka	82.66	84.22	95.11	107.98	123.07	135.73	138.77	148.99	150.52
Kerala	266.51	278.99	308.47	354.19	372.45	358.48	365.46	373.62	363.44
Madhya Pradesh	68.18	68.39	75.67	85.21	94.40	104.02	119.51	118.33	127.59
Maharashtra	93.02	91.73	108.51	121.70	128.11	133.33	141.45	139.31	147.73
Manipur	88.47	88.06	94.18	111.95	138.09	148.57	159.51	164.68	162.43
Meghalaya	94.53	88.49	89.76	97.60	107.94	119.63	134.55	148.93	143.09
Odisha	83.83	87.27	111.24	118.28	104.11	109.70	124.72	130.82	137.22
Punjab	143.61	142.57	163.74	194.43	201.18	196.56	199.49	196.14	188.58
Rajasthan	123.81	113.78	133.92	160.88	163.35	160.22	192.64	179.36	170.87
Tamil Nadu	112.85	118.52	142.99	166.71	167.33	186.59	204.82	186.72	191.98
Tripura	112.50	109.82	99.39	97.42	116.21	133.92	134.05	101.51	145.63
Uttar Pradesh	92.21	95.63	106.92	117.08	127.06	133.78	138.71	138.67	146.45
West Bengal	92.96	92.69	99.93	117.15	126.11	130.58	140.4	141.18	150.04
India	96.91	98.54	109.36	121.06	128.00	142.06	154.01	154.49	158.8

Note: CPI-AL (2009–10=100) is used as a deflator.

Appendix Table 3 State-wise real wage rates for sowing/transplanting/weeding (female) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Sowing/Transplanting/ Weeding (Female)	1998—99	1999—2000	2000-1	2001-2	2002-3	2003-4	2004-5	2005—6	2006—7	2007—8
Andhra Pradesh	52.20	55.46	57.59	56.69	53.89	54.04	55.24	57.27	61.02	69.59
Assam	83.49	87.42	89.75	79.19	80.38	80.29	82.95	83.03	85.41	84.60
Bihar	59.80	60.16	69.62	72.29	76.74	75.54	73.55	71.03	66.65	66.06
Gujarat	74.48	75.68	76.70	85.20	81.89	81.29	82.43	78.61	76.12	77.28
Haryana	106.52	130.73	123.84	138.90	137.03	128.76	129.93	140.68	138.14	136.60
Himachal Pradesh	117.36	125.20			133.84	119.92				
Jammu and Kashmir	156.72	156.82								
Karnataka	55.74	58.18	64.52	63.92	61.59	58.73	60.10	61.05	59.06	61.26
Kerala	129.14	152.17	151.33	155.64	151.40	143.73	144.47	146.04	145.64	145.67
Madhya Pradesh	62.89	63.44	60.99	62.81	61.97	62.21	61.01	58.01	54.94	57.11
Maharashtra	67.58	60.60	65.99	67.54	66.35	64.62	60.38	61.05	62.02	60.74
Manipur	64.32	67.46	92.99	67.35	69.96	80.07	80.83	76.68	74.57	74.60
Meghalaya	68.22	63.43	60.64	62.52	72.40	79.26	78.90	78.53	76.53	72.15
Odisha	58.65	53.77	58.62	55.16	66.54	68.71	69.05	70.94	63.99	53.25
Punjab	111.52	115.26		123.80		140.09				
Rajasthan	100.66	99.15	115.26	114.86	78.44	84.35	87.63	89.48	87.70	86.99
Tamil Nadu	60.97	69.55	67.46	64.01	59.62	61.33	62.78	63.89	65.68	67.72
Tripura	54.08	65.17								
Uttar Pradesh	65.15	73.48	80.14	77.72	77.47	80.32	77.46	72.45	70.81	76.67
West Bengal	63.31	71.64	77.33	78.73	80.74	78.64	78.09	83.38	84.10	82.80
India	78.23	83.28	75.37	75.67	75.12	74.29	74.32	74.11	73.16	75.14

Appendix Table 3 (continued) State-wise real wage rates for sowing/transplanting/weeding (female) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Sowing/Transplanting/ Weeding (Female)	2008-9	2009—10	2010—11	2011—12	2012—13	2013—14	2014—15	2015—16	2016—17
Andhra Pradesh	84.34	93.97	107.02	114.53	115.62	104.86	105.41	105.76	114.88
Assam	83.90	81.46	87.89	93.18	104.16	114.06	121.74	133.53	138.27
Bihar	69.66	79.92	86.16	100.30	109.19	113.89	128.77	141.81	146.45
Gujarat	78.62	72.38	73.23	87.88	85.81	100.90	116.69	115.61	122.78
Haryana	146.49	166.33	172.62	168.34	170.08	201.81	211.55	241.03	207.14
Himachal Pradesh	160.37					194.05	211.23	215.23	
Jammu and Kashmir			252.16						
Karnataka	60.75	62.23	69.14	77.30	83.04	94.55	99.75	106.35	106.24
Kerala	149.60	160.01	155.52	185.68	217.15	260.25	259.88	269.54	273.52
Madhya Pradesh	57.53	56.57	68.78	76.50	81.35	91.47	111.65	110.86	119.49
Maharashtra	58.96	66.20	72.97	81.06	84.31	93.44	97.86	92.50	97.62
Manipur	79.40	81.87	87.50	99.76	110.72	141.68	141.93	141.77	135.45
Meghalaya	66.90	63.39	69.06	69.90	75.59	89.55	98.83	106.58	106.49
Odisha	65.36	69.59	100.48	107.22	91.28	92.05	99.63	107.01	114.16
Punjab									153.28
Rajasthan	105.76	83.09	105.41	141.84	140.80	120.96	134.74	148.77	153.35
Tamil Nadu	74.63	83.12	100.35	116.51	114.24	117.05	128.73	120.57	121.32
Tripura									
Uttar Pradesh	78.90	80.26	90.59	100.41	107.20	109.09	119.51	121.29	128.26
West Bengal	82.34	82.69	89.35	109.70	120.53	121.56	130.31	129.96	134.13
India	78.18	81.71	91.28	102.99	109.09	117.55	125.16	126.28	131.44

Note: CPI-AL (2009–10=100) is used as a deflator.

 $\textbf{Appendix Table 4} \textit{ State-wise real wage rates for harvesting/threshing/winnowing (male) occupations in rural India, 1998-2017 in Rupees$

Harvesting/Threshing/ Winnowing (Male)	1998—99	1999—2000	2000-1	2001-2	2002-3	2003-4	2004-5	2005-6	2006—7	2007-8
	70.00	00.10	0 / 01	01.07	70.01	01.05	70.70	07.70	00.62	10/00
Andhra Pradesh	79.90	82.12	84.31	81.84	79.91	81.05	78.42	87.70	92.63	104.08
Assam	81.31	80.76	85.65	88.07	88.90	100.48	97.07	94.20	95.50	96.57
Bihar	65.60	65.36	73.13	78.70	87.50	85.97	83.96	85.59	77.25	72.90
Gujarat	88.96	86.35	90.01	88.27	88.78	86.59	86.92	85.05	85.85	86.92
Haryana	132.13	151.76	154.87	154.13	153.62	150.19	152.70	160.40	153.70	152.37
Himachal Pradesh	126.40	126.88	141.49	141.39		149.30	152.02	149.90	141.69	164.72
Jammu and Kashmir	128.29	118.27	156.64	168.36	167.21	173.26	167.18	165.04	153.45	149.49
Karnataka	73.86	74.51	82.59	83.74	79.06	76.87	78.70	81.13	80.52	83.88
Kerala	170.41	178.10						179.58	174.17	166.56
Madhya Pradesh	71.10	71.67	73.13	75.98	74.06	73.72	73.14	71.34	66.05	68.40
Maharashtra	79.49	82.58	98.45	98.30	96.58	93.48	93.79	91.12	92.13	98.76
Manipur	80.62	77.54	87.52	89.80	71.95	86.94	86.55	81.87	79.54	82.81
Meghalaya	85.70	85.07	92.03	93.53	102.87	130.80	116.18	113.47	115.83	108.57
Odisha	70.22	61.06	71.46	69.58	79.84	77.02	81.73	82.28	73.94	70.88
Punjab	124.57	129.10	141.12	147.38	150.50	148.98	149.12	141.22	143.01	135.80
Rajasthan	141.17	133.84	144.09	143.51	110.68	117.48	109.10	113.41	100.15	110.04
Tamil Nadu	99.10	111.38	117.16	113.00	98.38	97.86	100.71	101.55	101.85	103.34
Tripura	69.45	74.52	77.81	86.27	86.03	104.45	97.95	108.42	109.39	103.05
Uttar Pradesh	81.84	87.46	91.72	89.21	91.45	91.83	90.08	87.52	83.25	87.37
West Bengal	67.05	76.99	82.13	81.96	84.27	83.40	83.69	91.04	93.55	92.74
India	94.42	96.91	91.41	93.06	91.95	90.56	90.93	93.53	91.99	93.12

 $\textbf{Appendix Table 4} \ \ (continued) \ \ \textit{State-wise real wage rates for harvesting/threshing/winnowing (male) occupations in rural India, 1998-2017 in Rupees$

Harvesting/Threshing/ Winnowing (Male)	2008-9	2009—10	2010—11	2011—12	2012—13	2013—14	2014—15	2015—16	2016—17
Andhra Pradesh	119.11	123.25	136.46	139.24	146.73	151.38	139.00	131.49	153.28
Assam	95.09	94.72	107.95	112.37	123.03	130.93	146.92	149.20	160.52
Bihar	77.88	82.38	84.36	101.24	111.53	126.63	149.85	160.54	159.21
Gujarat	84.58	79.56	80.86	95.49	98.76	105.39	119.12	118.37	121.59
Haryana	162.30	174.44	177.03	183.86	170.35	219.94	222.68	246.49	216.52
Himachal Pradesh	166.45	162.16	178.97	206.24	204.53	221.60	228.27	221.15	220.79
Jammu and Kashmir	149.48	159.14	184.99	203.22	200.48	230.28	261.77	269.19	266.32
Karnataka	85.84	86.37	96.28	105.64	121.31	136.98	142.20	154.00	149.99
Kerala	167.85	217.60	213.29	240.90	250.90	292.48	326.54	335.86	321.61
Madhya Pradesh	70.25	74.23	81.22	86.72	103.07	112.31	130.62	130.79	135.46
Maharashtra	98.72	98.04	104.59	127.40	140.78	150.44	141.31	138.02	147.21
Manipur	88.96	91.33	98.88	115.99	136.83	160.62	169.41	166.99	162.25
Meghalaya	92.98	98.69	97.74	98.06	117.59	145.45	138.29	169.53	183.99
Odisha	82.15	89.91	112.42	129.90	119.13	125.72	128.32	129.02	140.16
Punjab	147.12	144.31	182.02	213.45	213.09	203.01	191.83	197.88	203.35
Rajasthan	131.07	136.86	154.76	147.41	160.88	178.97	208.54	191.47	171.1
Tamil Nadu	107.70	122.88	138.85	158.94	134.68	197.66	234.83	218.94	211.98
Tripura	112.50	109.82	99.35	97.32	116.21	135.77	134.05	101.51	145.63
Uttar Pradesh	93.08	93.29	101.11	114.07	118.73	138.12	145.50	144.09	149.47
West Bengal	92.43	90.71	99.50	120.49	128.97	134.43	141.38	142.95	151.78
India	96.88	99.79	108.12	121.24	129.49	144.77	156.29	155.39	157.12

Note: CPI-AL (2009–10=100) is used as a deflator.

Appendix Table 5 State-wise real wage rates for harvesting/threshing/winnowing (female) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Harvesting/Threshing/ Winnowing (Female)	1998—99	1999—2000	2000-1	2001-2	2002-3	2003-4	2004-5	2005—6	2006—7	2007-8	2008-9
Andhra Pradesh	64.83	65.08	66.33	67.12	58.18	58.84	58.96	65.24	68.56	75.20	91.80
Assam	89.64	81.31	83.19	87.66	80.69	82.81	86.43	87.36	92.43	85.38	81.04
Bihar	55.26	55.28	62.30	69.63	76.36	74.01	72.08	76.65	69.32	67.09	72.29
Gujarat	83.65	80.72	83.21	85.70	85.67	83.74	84.07	81.26	82.51	83.96	83.59
Haryana	126.68	139.30	156.36	151.87	157.58	156.60	159.57	157.88	149.91	151.59	158.89
Himachal Pradesh	114.60	122.33		138.64				137.96			157.34
Jammu and Kashmir	216.17	183.52									
Karnataka	56.47	56.48	62.41	62.59	59.57	57.47	57.23	59.43	61.63	65.50	64.16
Kerala	123.02	131.13	135.01	145.86	144.13	142.53	142.98	143.34	142.24	144.85	149.04
Madhya Pradesh	65.35	62.40	62.69	64.44	64.99	63.88	62.12	59.32	54.78	58.19	60.22
Maharashtra	58.96	56.36	68.71	67.51	65.77	60.80	59.84	57.23	60.45	62.25	61.94
Manipur	69.05	70.20	75.36		63.72	79.07	79.31	75.12	73.10	73.36	79.83
Meghalaya	75.39	67.23	70.79	65.02	77.26	86.50	80.94	80.77	77.90	74.59	65.45
Odisha	60.31	52.08	60.32	56.49	65.48	62.10	65.10	71.15	53.33	51.18	68.91
Punjab	93.94	101.61	124.00	135.73		136.68					
Rajasthan	129.28	123.46	123.46	113.51	81.73	93.07	93.25	99.34	88.20	97.18	120.45
Tamil Nadu	67.64	73.25	76.34	73.84	68.49	73.39	73.12	72.92	73.18	73.37	72.49
Tripura	54.08	63.24									
Uttar Pradesh	70.50	76.87	76.85	79.28	80.39	82.44	78.02	74.51	70.10	79.77	84.70
West Bengal	61.30	69.03	75.14	75.83	79.50	77.34	75.62	82.45	85.91	84.07	82.09
India	77.83	78.42	75.21	75.93	75.92	75.01	72.48	74.26	73.37	75.33	78.13

Appendix Table 5 (continued) State-wise real wage rates for harvesting/threshing/winnowing (female) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Harvesting/Threshing/ Winnowing (Female)	2009—10	2010—11	2011—12	2012—13	2013—14	2014—15	2015—16	2016—17
Andhra Pradesh	94.74	108.85	105.67	109.05	102.16	107.65	99.49	119.57
Assam	79.32	86.35	91.87	108.62	117.64	127.74	127.66	133.36
Bihar	75.05	77.02	90.60	98.19	113.78	136.81	147.50	145.27
Gujarat	80.73	78.82	100.65	96.19	103.70	116.35	116.22	119.94
Haryana	165.98	173.34	180.00	169.81	216.64	224.20	242.61	215.94
Himachal Pradesh					219.44	223.74		
Jammu and Kashmir							311.35	
Karnataka	65.37	69.43	75.78	83.21	94.44	95.81	104.79	103.91
Kerala	161.67	161.31	179.79	205.25	236.04	251.60	248.02	255.34
Madhya Pradesh	63.81	74.42	78.81	89.39	98.01	120.28	122.19	123.06
Maharashtra	63.53	77.66	86.21	90.56	102.65	102.80	93.31	99.92
Manipur	83.49	92.88	104.92	123.21	140.04	150.43	151.27	146.34
Meghalaya	64.90	68.49	67.91	78.04	94.92	89.89	107.12	108.73
Odisha	73.92	81.52	81.20	93.52	114.43	105.90	109.35	120.77
Punjab						155.51	163.10	170.63
Rajasthan	117.05	140.63	144.91	154.61	157.64	164.17	159.29	150.86
Tamil Nadu	83.52	101.02	109.95	98.03	132.33	152.45	133.48	118.47
Tripura								
Uttar Pradesh	83.72	92.75	101.82	106.07	119.17	121.90	122.19	130.6
West Bengal	79.96	88.85	108.44	116.36	123.99	131.47	130.84	132.23
India	82.03	90.10	100.29	105.96	120.54	132.12	130.21	132.52

Note: CPI-AL (2009–10=100) is used as a deflator.

Appendix Table 6 State-wise real wage rates for carpenter (male) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Carpenter (Male)	1998—99	1999—2000	2000-1	2001-2	2002-3	2003-4	2004-5	2005-6	2006-7	2007—8
Andhra Pradesh	113.46	123.42	130.77	133.39	128.97	127.89	123.52	125.37	122.08	124.92
Assam	135.34	133.66	134.78	146.79	158.15	153.98	159.74	163.58	164.02	167.16
Bihar	110.06	114.41	133.46	141.73	157.32	155.47	155.36	146.59	136.34	136.96
Gujarat	194.76	191.09	199.35	204.09	203.62	200.18	203.07	194.50	184.33	181.74
Haryana	228.49	260.53	261.59	240.67	248.73	241.73	233.23	231.50	215.89	224.96
Himachal Pradesh	223.54	231.29	256.65	260.71	263.61	257.08	260.95	263.41	259.89	269.15
Jammu and Kashmir	256.58	248.63	260.14	265.44	260.31	260.88	270.41	263.10	246.74	239.65
Karnataka	117.85	137.71	160.83	166.85	163.27	154.13	147.50	154.11	147.96	148.14
Kerala	261.97	272.21	272.55	284.02	291.54	285.86	281.22	287.62	298.92	299.04
Madhya Pradesh	121.13	129.46	128.40	131.19	132.19	134.21	133.84	129.17	122.51	123.03
Maharashtra	141.35	150.45	158.00	165.88	167.44	163.12	161.02	158.09	152.79	154.43
Manipur	105.49	105.09	109.18	116.39	122.39	124.55	124.36	116.69	113.92	134.58
Meghalaya	147.37	145.31	146.47	141.53	163.29	158.80	165.45	181.97	176.30	170.20
Odisha	125.18	122.13	143.32	154.21	166.38	161.84	167.64	169.81	158.96	154.34
Punjab	270.48	272.04	284.49	276.11	272.07	266.49	260.29	254.76	245.40	240.00
Rajasthan	235.61	236.58	244.73	270.55	266.49	265.44	242.40	215.65	208.65	210.20
Tamil Nadu	158.12	171.83	187.93	188.33	175.57	174.97	186.43	183.62	182.62	184.09
Tripura	106.17	104.61	111.76	124.81	135.66	139.56	141.60	149.97	148.52	138.73
Uttar Pradesh	153.96	166.53	181.67	181.56	184.37	183.93	183.98	178.16	167.86	166.15
West Bengal	111.70	126.07	138.59	142.96	144.51	137.09	133.53	138.58	141.46	140.09
India	167.39	174.53	168.80	174.60	175.10	172.29	172.19	170.89	165.40	164.82

Appendix Table 6 (continued) State-wise real wage rates for carpenter (male) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Carpenter (Male)	2008-9	2009-10	2010—11	2011—12	2012-13	2013—14	2014—15	2015—16	2016—17
Andhra Pradesh	138.73	145.62	162.63	168.84	172.30	177.37	176.51	175.04	190.37
Assam	167.82	156.18	155.99	167.89	178.48	207.14	215.02	217.42	222.43
Bihar	138.53	140.01	152.43	166.99	184.32	202.35	212.10	223.69	232.52
Gujarat	180.28	164.47	164.91	181.84	185.89	211.47	237.04	229.69	238.28
Haryana	241.14	256.76	261.24	259.31	254.92	289.25	297.64	307.97	303.18
Himachal Pradesh	262.52	257.47	263.19	283.35	288.75	318.69	320.42	325.11	331.37
Jammu and Kashmir	245.60	246.83	267.47	288.67	289.41	314.60	344.74	342.34	339.93
Karnataka	146.91	144.48	152.22	165.26	165.30	188.48	205.84	220.15	219.04
Kerala	302.17	324.77	344.28	381.97	415.11	433.81	418.28	419.06	420.26
Madhya Pradesh	117.15	113.46	120.05	124.66	124.81	137.67	158.61	165.25	177.32
Maharashtra	150.60	148.34	162.90	167.15	174.61	193.55	199.65	198.88	197.22
Manipur	139.63	136.39	140.61	159.11	181.34	194.02	214.40	219.23	210.69
Meghalaya	163.64	154.90	158.74	152.35	153.06	165.86	177.19	183.32	183.97
Odisha	152.27	147.56	159.46	177.48	190.77	188.88	200.21	221.26	232.33
Punjab	238.18	228.17	259.11	282.17	296.08	294.39	296.70	294.55	284.09
Rajasthan	222.54	216.85	224.80	251.08	259.17	265.79	278.52	268.00	257.31
Tamil Nadu	192.01	221.81	250.69	285.74	300.34	308.29	315.84	306.73	299.51
Tripura	144.69	139.58	126.70	123.22	151.11	193.30	198.09	188.45	205.20
Uttar Pradesh	167.40	169.69	187.28	207.41	216.67	228.66	236.16	239.58	257.29
West Bengal	135.67	126.52	130.84	140.78	156.06	179.66	194.31	201.38	209.70
India	165.57	166.66	178.76	192.83	201.58	217.48	227.39	229.89	235.40

Note: CPI-RL (2009–10=100) is used as a deflator.

 $\textbf{Appendix Table 7} \ \textit{State-wise real wage rates for blacksmith (male) occupations in rural India, 1998-2017 in Rupees$

Blacksmith (male)	1998—99	1999—2000	2000-1	2001-2	2002-3	2003-4	2004-5	2005-6	2006-7	2007-8
Andhra Pradesh	95.70	107.95	115.94	118.09	115.06	113.61	109.12	106.87	101.55	104.71
Assam	86.64	88.34	90.12	100.97	107.97	115.77	116.75	115.04	111.31	104.95
Bihar	97.92	100.85	115.20	123.28	134.52	130.45	129.15	122.79	113.35	112.01
Gujarat	183.65	210.36	210.25		187.82	170.91				
Haryana	202.23	230.90	233.98	207.90	210.51	203.11	190.02	191.39	182.17	182.31
Himachal Pradesh	192.62	206.10	228.74	242.83	238.51	233.49	241.74	224.16	237.98	259.98
Jammu and Kashmir	189.15	171.00	175.36	186.78	187.88	190.22	187.29	191.87	180.96	184.53
Karnataka	99.20	109.59	129.44	135.21	128.55	118.29	117.38	120.57	112.82	110.73
Kerala	233.28	240.16	233.81	241.21	250.45	247.62	254.16	270.23	279.85	281.76
Madhya Pradesh	101.44	109.03	107.62	108.82	108.29	111.97	109.60	107.63	103.88	101.25
Maharashtra	118.80	123.08	134.33	136.96	134.76	133.52	134.92	135.21	125.17	126.42
Manipur	77.82	77.80	85.58	95.84	102.80	104.00	103.33	98.97	97.32	98.80
Meghalaya	109.78	100.21	104.76	110.01	119.18	126.61	123.81	124.35	118.64	122.37
Odisha	118.79	103.31	109.65	136.83	148.70	134.33	130.84	128.14	111.92	110.45
Punjab	263.73	268.93	278.96	266.15	268.16	259.63	254.79	261.52	245.20	236.13
Rajasthan	148.48	131.14	170.85						123.86	139.47
Tamil Nadu	141.87	155.71	166.84	166.27	153.67	152.27	162.85	164.22	159.32	149.12
Tripura	46.83	51.76	54.07	65.11	67.39	76.07	87.05	97.00	99.49	92.85
Uttar Pradesh	139.09	143.87	156.07	155.88	156.96	163.48	162.44	158.80	150.02	148.95
West Bengal	85.63	100.82	110.39	105.16	108.84	103.46	94.36	87.02	88.80	90.81
India	137.39	142.71	133.50	135.82	135.61	134.74	133.36	132.59	126.68	124.74

Appendix Table 7 (continued) State-wise real wage rates for blacksmith (male) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Blacksmith (male)	2008-9	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014—15	2015—16	2016—17
Andhra Pradesh	107.48	113.40	126.24	135.15	135.45	136.59	142.76	138.67	146.33
Assam	100.50	101.83	110.92	128.75	146.42	171.76	195.80	202.74	207.14
Bihar	118.74	121.36	130.89	143.28	156.45	175.34	189.76	201.14	207.67
Gujarat			144.00	159.01	150.15	156.47	170.75	180.44	181.84
Haryana	172.77	171.36	190.63	177.28	183.10	215.04			
Himachal Pradesh	251.02	241.99	251.61	265.05	262.28	270.71	260.03	264.10	280.38
Jammu and Kashmir	172.02	185.01	243.62	274.65	274.93	313.63	316.83	312.66	304.07
Karnataka	112.42	115.25	122.81	127.91	127.82	155.50	170.63	179.13	180.20
Kerala	297.69	308.78	320.20	335.20	359.63	389.34	386.18	378.22	366.76
Madhya Pradesh	98.25	94.15	101.34	110.86	112.93	123.02	143.88	153.80	167.29
Maharashtra	122.99	122.60	136.21	143.78	154.63	169.47	176.80	174.56	177.23
Manipur	97.98	97.82	105.24	118.68	146.72	171.00	188.66	188.86	185.16
Meghalaya	120.29	132.50	139.32	133.12	142.86	155.35	163.25	161.43	160.11
Odisha	105.84	95.73	98.16	113.00	112.88	118.87	126.82	145.88	158.54
Punjab	225.77	216.08	240.02	258.94		270.45	293.63	295.70	287.74
Rajasthan	133.34	121.75	136.69	152.84	187.37	198.96	189.73	199.31	203.54
Tamil Nadu	152.71	173.44	188.71	225.43	238.47	251.05	266.21	264.71	256.30
Tripura	104.10	103.15	90.23	88.68	107.82	128.72	128.10	121.64	135.79
Uttar Pradesh	144.51	146.93	160.53	173.17	182.16	197.23	212.32	213.33	231.79
West Bengal	90.69	88.10	89.77	94.45	112.72	138.93	178.27	177.29	181.56
India	122.75	125.17	134.92	146.94	155.13	172.78	187.05	189.73	194.18

Note: CPI-RL (2009–10=100) is used as a deflator.

Appendix Table 8 State-wise real wage rates for mason (male) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Mason (Male)	1998—99	1999—2000	2000-1	2001-2	2002-3	2003-4	2004-5	2005—6	2006-7	2007—8
Andhra Pradesh	134.85	144.74	154.14	155.92	153.84	156.90	153.62	155.65	152.34	166.67
Assam	136.73	138.39	139.44	156.22	160.64	165.74	172.02	175.33	173.76	173.41
Bihar	128.46	134.05	151.39	164.46	173.42	174.74	173.71	166.83	153.92	158.48
Gujarat	213.60	213.84	221.80	237.28	228.42	224.08	216.57	205.28	198.78	200.11
Haryana	252.13	278.16	286.99	286.94	285.22	279.48	282.52	280.85	273.83	275.93
Himachal Pradesh	225.99	231.49	254.94	256.51	258.88	259.98	262.24	256.68	251.16	260.80
Jammu and Kashmir	263.26	258.47	264.78	274.07	265.93	277.29	275.52	266.07	246.13	235.79
Karnataka	138.03	145.62	167.75	176.96	169.16	159.62	165.21	173.29	163.85	159.92
Kerala	255.52	264.80	267.15	280.61	278.05	270.49	273.65	286.22	290.37	296.95
Madhya Pradesh	151.90	156.81	154.58	157.96	157.49	161.44	158.75	154.42	146.17	148.00
Maharashtra	151.70	162.68	169.08	180.99	185.20	183.28	184.74	183.15	175.12	176.44
Manipur	108.07	108.13	111.41	119.24	120.35	123.25	123.00	117.47	115.43	106.88
Meghalaya	151.00	142.86	132.85	131.80	150.94	144.60	152.53	167.40	154.17	146.79
Odisha	136.72	136.93	155.57	166.95	177.82	176.79	178.24	173.42	163.56	157.13
Punjab	267.45	277.19	285.94	277.38	274.47	268.42	263.03	254.82	245.76	241.82
Rajasthan	251.42	252.51	265.20	266.35	261.82	272.47	249.32	228.46	223.93	231.78
Tamil Nadu	170.98	183.35	200.63	204.11	193.36	191.10	195.87	196.70	198.58	203.48
Tripura	106.14	104.50	111.46	124.81	132.10	141.31	141.60	149.97	148.86	138.95
Uttar Pradesh	171.58	186.54	201.83	202.88	204.68	203.40	203.30	194.01	185.00	182.05
West Bengal	113.79	130.54	145.41	148.40	151.88	147.27	142.33	145.05	148.03	144.71
India	177.78	184.56	183.87	189.82	189.37	188.51	187.78	185.76	179.82	181.05

Appendix Table 8 (continued) State-wise real wage rates for mason (male) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Mason (Male)	2008-9	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015—16	2016-17
Andhra Pradesh	184.05	191.99	207.55	208.53	210.98	211.63	221.44	222.56	239.15
Assam	171.44	159.55	161.99	178.66	192.73	213.13	234.44	241.19	240.78
Bihar	158.69	158.43	171.15	199.14	216.55	229.18	235.98	248.11	255.44
Gujarat	209.47	180.23	184.38	218.13	233.76	242.83	270.81	262.13	262.67
Haryana	285.13	278.86	304.71	285.53	275.06	305.61	326.47	336.62	337.73
Himachal Pradesh	248.79	250.16	264.59	284.50	285.73	319.36	327.23	321.80	327.93
Jammu and Kashmir	242.23	241.98	265.19	285.89	286.47	313.18	342.74	335.46	341.29
Karnataka	164.09	158.96	168.43	174.10	171.79	200.65	210.60	211.89	216.33
Kerala	300.56	322.94	342.43	384.20	414.68	436.80	424.51	429.34	428.32
Madhya Pradesh	143.21	134.99	139.60	144.71	155.76	171.17	188.30	200.50	216.11
Maharashtra	179.93	170.86	186.06	189.34	215.74	232.08	231.40	238.36	237.16
Manipur	165.06	161.20	146.38	167.31	199.15	205.96	227.84	229.42	224.66
Meghalaya	143.15	142.09	155.28	160.97	163.95	175.29	189.73	182.85	182.58
Odisha	158.98	156.33	170.03	190.58	204.89	202.45	214.96	233.67	244.62
Punjab	236.33	228.56	263.06	283.44	296.85	298.66	302.41	306.03	295.71
Rajasthan	242.01	239.00	246.41	270.32	305.50	319.37	331.55	336.22	336.56
Tamil Nadu	217.64	251.51	279.24	304.32	318.81	333.66	336.40	327.06	318.30
Tripura	143.59	135.83	123.85	125.08	152.42	218.41	227.32	218.17	220.23
Uttar Pradesh	180.56	188.77	214.29	243.20	250.81	258.27	267.10	274.30	292.07
West Bengal	141.00	131.29	134.95	155.45	174.59	196.61	208.21	212.64	228.04
India	183.55	182.92	195.81	211.65	224.16	240.48	251.29	254.74	261.09

Note: CPI-RL (2009-10=100) is used as a deflator.

Appendix Table 9 State-wise real wage rates for unskilled labour (male) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Unskilled labour (male)	1998—99	1999—2000	2000-1	2001-2	2002-3	2003-4	2004-5	2005-6	2006-7	2007-8
Andhra Pradesh	73.19	79.18	82.14	81.28	78.20	78.02	76.92	78.83	79.42	89.01
Assam	70.79	76.79	81.14	86.33	87.02	93.19	97.48	94.58	93.69	93.41
Bihar	62.75	63.87	72.06	78.42	81.03	81.52	81.98	79.75	75.03	77.09
Gujarat	79.77	75.93	78.05	83.62	84.53	83.29	78.64	74.13	73.24	78.53
Haryana	131.93	138.25	154.66	155.15	153.24	149.24	144.61	145.13	141.39	148.59
Himachal Pradesh	121.55	127.64	144.83	149.91	149.61	149.71	152.75	149.25	142.23	150.38
Jammu and Kashmir	146.01	137.90	146.54	152.20	152.49	162.21	163.40	155.54	146.71	147.32
Karnataka	64.42	64.70	72.79	74.47	73.65	70.84	71.36	75.58	72.86	74.17
Kerala	191.63	200.60	199.97	211.13	213.72	211.63	208.67	210.50	217.46	219.04
Madhya Pradesh	59.63	63.65	61.81	61.22	62.04	62.33	60.74	59.23	55.32	56.58
Maharashtra	79.02	79.09	81.35	84.73	83.25	82.32	80.51	78.54	78.05	78.55
Manipur	68.46	65.86	69.86	71.39	69.85	77.07	77.39	73.38	71.21	73.66
Meghalaya	80.89	76.65	75.46	77.43	89.46	89.02	93.51	103.10	102.96	99.19
Odisha	62.19	59.44	66.37	67.67	74.98	73.45	73.56	76.51	75.20	72.66
Punjab	138.31	140.58	145.56	145.23	144.50	142.12	137.53	131.06	134.16	133.66
Rajasthan	113.02	116.83	125.34	127.82	122.93	126.27	115.60	108.49	105.43	113.12
Tamil Nadu	89.98	103.05	111.53	112.47	104.25	106.03	108.42	110.80	114.57	114.94
Tripura	72.11	75.49	79.08	87.17	89.08	99.95	100.25	110.43	111.76	104.21
Uttar Pradesh	83.96	87.88	94.07	93.42	93.04	93.67	93.16	88.14	85.25	89.77
West Bengal	64.32	73.11	80.39	81.64	83.04	80.85	79.04	82.87	82.18	81.54
India	93.98	97.00	91.89	94.00	93.99	93.99	93.20	92.58	90.81	92.81

Appendix Table 9 (continued) State-wise real wage rates for unskilled labour (male) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Unskilled labour (male)	2008-9	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014—15	2015—16	2016—17
Andhra Pradesh	105.24	104.74	117.97	128.45	128.58	139.94	139.69	132.69	136.49
Assam	99.88	97.40	105.75	111.30	114.96	134.95	135.93	147.27	150.35
Bihar	79.81	90.12	97.88	108.11	119.26	135.38	145.62	152.04	157.16
Gujarat	81.84	73.75	72.66	85.34	87.59	106.38	121.66	119.72	124.04
Haryana	158.20	171.03	181.88	183.18	185.22	210.56	220.53	219.20	212.56
Himachal Pradesh	153.35	147.92	159.14	176.45	173.37	184.66	173.46	175.49	195.52
Jammu and Kashmir	153.35	162.85	186.53	210.97	218.29	246.69	268.34	269.68	260.79
Karnataka	77.63	79.98	86.41	96.58	97.37	119.29	130.49	129.50	126.18
Kerala	231.81	254.26	264.79	299.54	325.97	363.52	362.88	344.85	329.30
Madhya Pradesh	58.46	58.89	66.85	74.01	76.93	91.14	107.82	112.57	124.03
Maharashtra	81.69	80.96	91.94	97.60	103.94	125.95	133.82	128.00	128.85
Manipur	79.36	78.15	75.03	85.79	106.92	111.82			
Meghalaya	93.00	90.88	94.46	99.38	109.23	122.51	129.78	129.17	133.80
Odisha	78.96	83.42	101.57	115.40	115.62	113.73	112.29	126.78	141.07
Punjab	145.50	144.32	167.82	179.22	189.37	195.31	183.73	189.63	189.46
Rajasthan	128.03	125.67	141.53	160.27	168.93	173.06	184.48	186.26	181.20
Tamil Nadu	125.04	140.81	155.55	170.08	170.02	210.20	230.67	214.55	210.51
Tripura	116.87	111.20	101.68	103.06	125.01	128.59	127.80	121.58	135.79
Uttar Pradesh	97.55	101.12	112.73	124.33	131.21	144.43	143.61	140.72	149.47
West Bengal	83.58	81.87	90.34	106.06	115.93	129.90	147.55	156.55	170.47
India	98.96	101.86	112.63	124.32	129.57	148.50	156.33	156.08	159.50

Note: CPI-RL (2009-10=100) is used as a deflator.

Appendix Table 10 State-wise real wage rates for unskilled labour (female) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Unskilled (Female)	1998-99	1999—2000	2000-1	2001-2	2002-3	2003-4	2004-5	2005-6	2006-7	2007-8
Andhra Pradesh	53.41	55.95	58.08	59.65	58.08	57.55	54.63	57.06	57.72	64.36
Assam	63.07							63.73	65.47	
		66.54	70.64	72.61	72.34	69.21	69.56			71.54
Bihar	54.62	55.30	63.24	66.76	73.91	73.81	73.23	72.63	66.37	67.98
Gujarat	73.77	68.93	74.33	79.04	82.54	80.66	75.27	70.96	70.37	75.69
Haryana	115.26	123.28	142.86	143.68	142.84	142.40	138.94	139.86	134.17	138.08
Himachal Pradesh	100.14	105.78								
Jammu and Kashmir	150.57									
Karnataka	48.95	47.96	54.12	56.06	54.74	53.15	52.52	53.79	52.83	54.71
Kerala	127.00	139.92	139.15	153.29	150.12	151.95	157.45	163.80	170.25	167.84
Madhya Pradesh	53.00	56.68	53.86	52.90	52.43	52.77	51.51	50.63	47.60	49.00
Maharashtra	55.06	54.05	53.64	54.53	54.13	52.83	51.37	49.99	49.26	51.30
Manipur	60.95	61.55	62.49	66.66	67.23	72.16	72.40	66.98	64.58	64.44
Meghalaya	70.18	64.24			62.94		70.24	67.52	64.38	65.32
Odisha	54.84	53.34	59.67	60.46	66.89	63.88	62.41	64.21	62.34	60.03
Punjab	90.03	97.60		139.76	131.69			115.54	109.53	
Rajasthan	98.38	98.83	109.16	110.44	106.51	110.81	103.52	97.12	96.17	101.13
Tamil Nadu	59.97	68.50	74.66	76.35	70.54	72.13	74.98	76.63	81.45	85.71
Tripura	65.54	72.42			87.17	101.70				
Uttar Pradesh	68.82	71.83	75.55	72.21	76.68	79.77	78.53	72.85	70.75	74.76
West Bengal	56.65	63.18	72.56	74.50	73.78	72.63	71.85	74.61	72.72	72.26
India	74.06	76.48	68.70	70.16	70.67	70.23	69.09	69.45	68.03	70.31

Appendix Table 10 (continued) State-wise real wage rates for unskilled labour (female) occupations in rural India, 1998–2017 in Rupees

Unskilled (Female)	2008-9	2009-10	2010—11	2011—12	2012-13	2013—14	2014—15	2015—16	2016—17
Andhra Pradesh	75.49	78.21	86.37	93.20	92.71	103.71	93.41	88.32	94.50
Assam	73.28	73.58	81.91	84.86	95.35	118.98	132.19	140.47	152.05
Bihar	72.84	80.64	90.72	98.11	102.58	121.77	127.88	128.43	130.55
Gujarat	79.96	71.78	70.09	83.25	83.56	107.53	125.33	122.69	128.83
Haryana	155.35	169.05	174.52	178.88	172.56	193.58			
Himachal Pradesh	161.84	155.75	162.60	195.45	195.74	192.72			
Jammu and Kashmir									
Karnataka	57.89	57.76	61.55	68.88	70.51	88.69	91.87	97.86	100.26
Kerala	170.98	188.71	184.92	201.65	218.94	226.06			
Madhya Pradesh	50.40	52.29	59.69	64.48	69.19	77.01	84.81	88.88	106.96
Maharashtra	52.79	52.96	60.12	66.87	70.92	75.28	83.62	81.66	82.06
Manipur	69.82	69.09	71.40	82.50	101.31	103.77			
Meghalaya	63.03	61.23	65.73	71.49	72.82	72.43			
Odisha	66.88	73.09	91.09	104.83	105.29	104.70	106.14	116.52	126.75
Punjab									
Rajasthan	116.80	117.29	129.08	148.36	158.09	159.02	178.97	176.16	
Tamil Nadu	90.88	105.16	111.98	123.15	125.92	148.90	159.70	148.27	145.09
Tripura									
Uttar Pradesh	79.37	80.75	92.24	103.92	110.68	122.42	122.90	122.08	130.94
West Bengal	75.25	73.58	82.25	92.38	101.79	115.72	128.49	133.03	141.18
India	75.18	77.69	85.77	95.18	99.53	112.35	114.58	114.51	119.92

Note: CPI-RL (2009–10=100) is used as a deflator.